Review of Study Product Re-Supply and Re-Issue

MTN Annual Meeting Washington DC March 16th, 2010



Definitions

- What is the definition of product re-supply?
 - Dispensing new supplies of study product
- What is the definition of product re-issue?
 - Refers to providing participants with their own previously returned study product





Study Product Return

- Participants instructed to bring all unused product to all visits
- Pharmacy staff count returned product and determine quantity:
 - Expected to be returned
 - Actually returned
 - Available for re-issue

Product Eligible for Re-Issue

- Pharmacy staff will determine based on factors such as:
 - Physical condition
 - Expiry Dates
 - Oral: 30 days after bottle is opened
 - Gel: 60 days after dispensed
 - Indicated by "do not use after" date

Key counseling message:

Use re-issued product first

MTN-003 Unused Product Returns

PTID:		dd	Мим	
	TDF or <u>Placebo</u> and	FTC/TDF or Placebo	ог	Tenofovir 1% Gel or Placebo
Quantity of product expected to be returned	4	4		
Quantity of product actually returned	6	6		
Quantity of product available for reissue	4	4		

Pharmacy staff comments:

Only four of each tablet are available for re-issue before the "do not use after" date (20 MAR 2010). Remind participant to take re-issued product first, then open new bottles.

RPh Initials:

Study Product Return

- Clinic staff use information recorded on the Unused Product Returns Form to
 - Guide adherence counseling
 - Guide the ordering of study product to be re-supplied and re-issued



Study Product Re-Issue

- For participants eligible to continue product use, authorized clinic staff determine quantity of product needed until next visit
- Total amount = re-supply + re-issue
- To determine total amount, consider:
 - Number of days until next visit
 - Standard re-supply quantities (30 tablets/bottle; 10 gels/carton)
 - Quantity available for re-issue

Ideal Quantity

- Unless specific concerns are identified by the loR or designee, aim to provide the <u>larger</u> of these two quantities
 - Quantity needed for daily use through the next scheduled visit date, plus 7 days

or

 Quantity needed for daily use through the next target visit date, plus 7 days

Minimum Quantity

 At a minimum, participants must be provided with enough study product for daily use until their next scheduled study visit

Ideal is ideal,minimum is required

Study Product Re-Supply

- For example, if next visit is targeted to take place in 28 days, but is scheduled to take place in 29 days, aim to provide a 36-day supply (29+7=36)
- That is, ideally re-supply 30 and re-issue 6 if available from the participant's returns
- At a minimum, a 29-day supply is required
- Remember Expiry: Instruct and counsel participant to use re-issued product first

MTN-003 Study Product Request Slip - VAGINAL GEL Participant ID Clinic Randomization Envelope # Clinic Staff Instructions: Mark RE-SUPPLY, HOLD, PERMANENTLY DISCONTINUE, or RESUME. If re-supply, mark RE-ISSUE if applicable. If re-supply or resume, record the number of cartons to be dispensed. If re-issue, record the number of applicators to be re-issued. If hold or permanently discontinue, record the reason. Sign and date at the bottom. Deliver white original to pharmacy. File yellow copy in participant study notebook. RE-SUPPLY cartons of study gel (10 applicators/carton) to participant as directed in protocol. HOLD Reason: Pharmacy Staff Instructions: Do not dispense any further study gel unless/until another MTN-003 Study Product Request Slip - VAGINAL GEL marked "RESUME" is received. PERMANENTLY DISCONTINUE Reason:__ Pharmacy Staff Instructions: Do not dispense any further study gel. RESUME cartons of study gel (10 applicators/carton) to participant as directed in protocol. Dispense Clinic Staff Instructions: For product resumptions, this slip must be signed by an authorized prescriber. RE-ISSUE applicators of study gel to participant. Re-issue Clinic Staff Name (please print): Clinic Staff Signature: _ Date completed: Participant's next visit date: Pharmacy

Example

- Unused Product Returns slip indicates 4 TDF and 4 TDF/FTC tablets available for re-issue
- Target Date is in 28 days
- Scheduled Date is in 37 days

What is the <u>ideal</u> and <u>minimum</u> quantity to supply?

Ideal = 44Minimum = 37

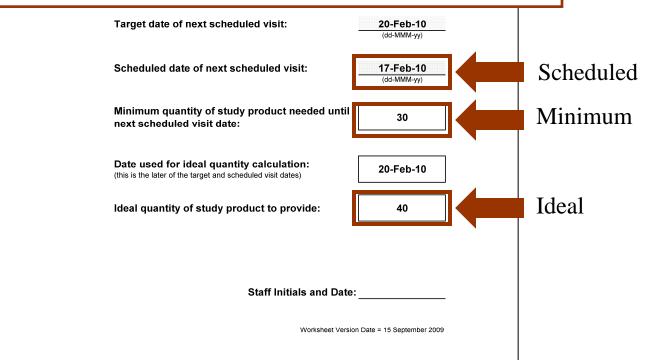
Example

- Ideal 44, Minimum 37
- Four of each tablet available for re-issue
- How might you handle this situation?
 - Reschedule the participant
 - Up to 60-day supply permitted at loR discretion
 - Remember that more than 60-day supply requires approval of DAIDS Medical Officer
 - Can always consult the PSRT

MTN-003 STUDY PRODUCT ORDERING TOOL

Print 2 copies:

- File one in participant binder
- Send one to pharmacy with study product request slip



Re-Supply/Re-Issue at Early Study Visits

- Most participants will <u>not</u> have enough available to supply ideal quantity at early study visits
 - Example: M1 visit, scheduled on target date (28 days), perfect adherence
 - Available for Re-Issue = 2
 - □ Ideal quantity = 28 + 7 = 35
 - Actual quantity provided = 32
- Ideal is ideal, minimum is required
- Expect supply available for re-issue to build over time

Overtime, Supply Will Build

Visit	Target Date	Actual Date	Actual Return (perfect adherence)	Ideal	Re-Supply	Re-Issue	Total Dispensed	New Bottle Opened	New Bottle Expiry
Enrollment	1-Jan		-	-	30	•	-	1-Jan	31-Jan
M1	29-Jan	29-Jan	2	35	30	2	32	31-Jan	2-Mar
M2	26-Feb	26-Feb	4	35	30	4	34	2-Mar	1-Apr
M3	26-Mar	26-Mar	6	35	30	5	35	31-Mar	30-Apr
M4	23-Apr	23-Apr	7	35	30	5	35	28-Apr	28-May
M5	21-May	21-May	7	35	30	5	35	26-May	25-Jun
M6	18-Jun	18-Jun	7	35	30	5	35	23-Jun	23-Jul

Visit Scheduling Considerations

- Should you schedule early in visit window to build re-issue supply faster?
 - No Every effort should be made to schedule on the target visit date
 - If not possible to schedule on target, recommended to schedule earlier rather than later in the visit window
 - Extreme deviation from 28-day intervals should be avoided

Questions?